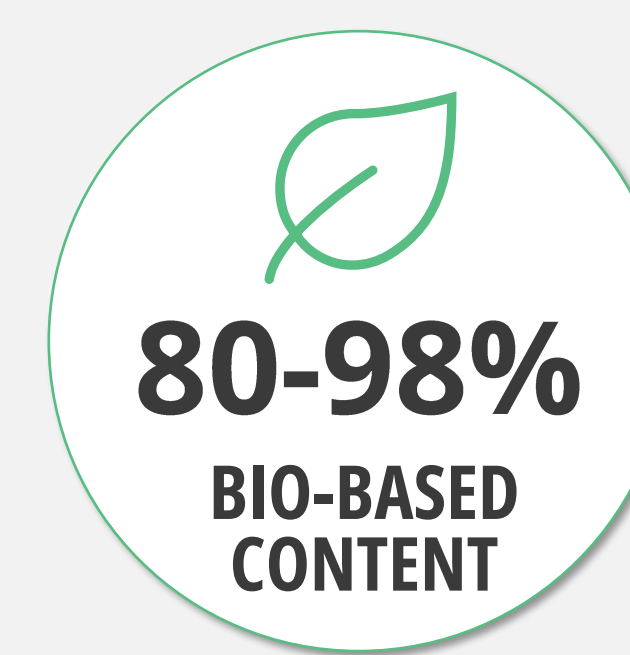
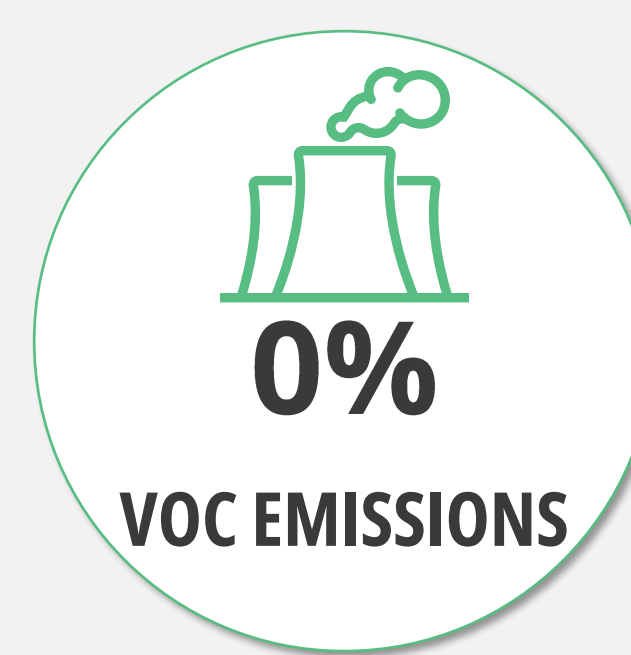


# SSbD Guidelines

## FOOD PACKAGING



**FOOD**  
Safe for hot food contact

**BIO-BASED COATING**  
PHA + Modified Lignin

**PAPER SUBSTRATE**  
Cellulosic Fiber  
(e.g., Inverform 330 gsm)

### THE SYSTEM

#### APPLICATION

Paper-based food trays (rigid and semi-rigid, including 3D fiber-molded products) with bio-based barrier coatings. Designed as alternatives to PFAS- and PET-based packaging for hot food and compatible with thermoforming (120–180°C).

#### FUNCTIONALITY

High grease resistance (KIT 12), low water absorption (Cobb  $\leq 10$  g/m<sup>2</sup>), and stable coating adhesion and performance under thermal and mechanical stress, achieved without hazardous substances

#### MATERIALS

Bio-based thermoplastic polymers (PHA), functional lignin-based fillers (1–50%), and natural waxes (e.g., carnauba), applied as solvent-free powder coatings on paper and cellulosic substrates.

#### TARGET STAKEHOLDERS

Material formulators and chemical industry, packaging converters and manufacturers, brand owners and retailers, and regulatory and certification bodies.

### KEY RISKS ADDRESSED

<b>CHEMICAL MIGRATION</b>	<b>PARTICULATE EXPOSURE</b>	<b>RECYCLING INTERFERENCE</b>	<b>PROCESS STRESS</b>	<b>LCA &amp; SOCIAL RISKS</b>
Ensure food safety	Ensure food safety	Ensure food safety	Ensure food safety	Ensure food safety

### SSbD PRINCIPLES

Build safety and sustainability from the beginning.

<b>USE LOW-HAZARD SUBSTANCES</b>	<b>AVOID PFAS &amp; SVHCs</b>	<b>USE BIO-BASED MATERIALS</b>	<b>DESIGN FOR CIRCULARITY</b>	<b>MINIMIZE EMISSIONS</b>	<b>VALIDATE SAFETY EARLY</b>

### RECOMMENDATIONS

<b>HIGH IMPACT</b>	<b>HIGH IMPACT</b>
<b>REDUCE TOXICITY</b> Replace petrochemicals and PFAS by using bio-based matrices (PHA) with modified lignin fillers.	<b>ELIMINATE EMISSIONS</b> Implement solvent-free powder coating & hot pressing, which demonstrated 0 VOC emissions.
<b>HIGH IMPACT</b>	<b>HIGH IMPACT</b>
<b>ENABLE CIRCULARITY</b> Select thermoplastic biopolymers that are repulable and compatible with paper recycling (EN 13432).	<b>ENSURE SAFETY</b> Pre-screen all chemical building blocks using QSAR & MTT assays. All substances should pass Step 1 of the SSbD.

### INDUSTRIAL PROCESS

<b>1 POWDER COATING</b>  Electrostatic spraying Particle size < 80 $\mu$ m	<b>2 HOT PRESS</b>  Gelling & smoothing 80 – 200°C (~ 60 sec)
<b>3 THERMOFORMING</b>  Dry molded fiber 160°C (~ 1 sec)	<b>4 BIO-BASED TRAY</b>  High performance, safe & circular

### ROADMAP

- 1 SCREEN SUBSTANCES**  
Use CLP, REACH, QSAR & data-mining to assess hazards early.
- 2 SELECT SAFER MATERIALS**  
Choose PHA and bio-based fillers.
- 3 ADAPT FORMULATION**  
Optimize composition and powder size < 80  $\mu$ m for performance and efficiency.
- 4 VALIDATE SAFETY & PERFORMANCE**  
Test barriers (KIT 12, Cobb  $\leq 10$ ), run MTT and migration tests.
- 5 ASSESS END-OF-LIFE**  
Ensure repulability and compostability (EN 13432).
- 6 SCALE-UP**  
Pilot batches 3 – 5 kg, industrial thermoforming.

### BIO-SUSHY RESULTS

Validated performance, safety, and circularity.

<b>0% VOC emissions</b>	<b>KIT 12 Grease resistance</b>	<b>Cobb <math>\leq 10</math> g/m<sup>2</sup> Water resistance</b>	<b>80 – 98% Bio-based content</b>	<b>Repulable EN 13432</b>	<b>100% Step 1 Chemicals passed SSbD Step 1 Hazard Assessment</b>
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### LIMITATIONS

<b>Higher material cost than PET</b>	<b>Energy demand 120 – 200°C</b>	<b>LCA data gaps of biopolymers (PHA, PBS)</b>
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